



Phosphate HR TT

M322

1 - 20 mg/L P

Vanadomolybdate

Instrument specific information

The test can be performed on the following devices. In addition, the required cuvette and the absorption range of the photometer are indicated.

| Instrument Type | Cuvette | λ | Measuring Range |
|--|---------|-----------|---------------------|
| MD 600, MD 610, MD 640, SpectroDirect | ø 16 mm | 438 nm | 1 - 20 mg/L P |
| XD 7000, XD 7500 | ø 16 mm | 438 nm | 0.98 - 19.57 mg/L P |

Material

Required material (partly optional):

| Reagents | Packaging Unit | Part Number |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Phosphate-ortho/24 | 24 pc. | 2420701 |

Application List

- Waste Water Treatment
- Boiler Water
- Drinking Water Treatment
- Raw Water Treatment

Preparation

1. Strongly buffered samples or samples with extreme pH values should be adjusted to between pH 6 and pH 7 before the analysis (use 1 mol/l Sulphuric acid or 1 mol/l Sodium hydroxide).
2. Ortho-Phosphate ions react with the reagent to form an intense yellow colour. Phosphate, which is found in organic and condensed, inorganic (meta-, pyro- and polyphosphate) forms, must therefore be converted into ortho-phosphate ions prior to analysis. The pretreatment of the sample with acid and heat creates the conditions for the hydrolysis of the condensed, inorganic forms. Organically bound phosphate can be converted into ortho-phosphate ions by heating with acid and Persulphate.

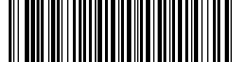
The amount of organically bound phosphate can be calculated:

mg/L organic Phosphate = mg/L Phosphate, total - mg/L Phosphate, can be hydrolysed in acid.



Notes

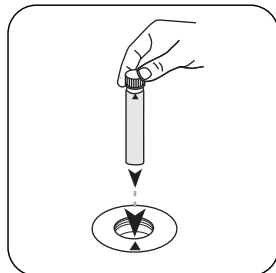
1. Only ortho-phosphate ions react.



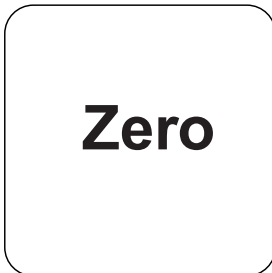
Determination of Phosphate, ortho with Vial Test

Select the method on the device.

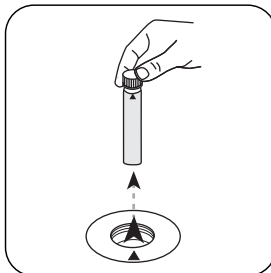
For this method, a ZERO measurement does not have to be carried out every time on the following devices: XD 7000, XD 7500



Place the supplied Zero vial (red sticker) in the sample chamber. • Pay attention to the positioning.

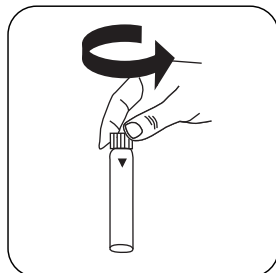


Press the **ZERO** button.

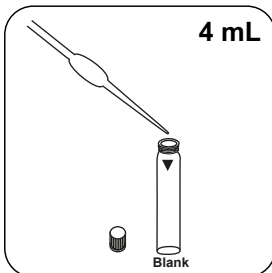


Remove **vial** from the sample chamber.

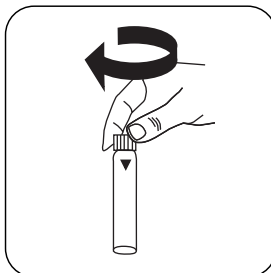
For devices that require **no ZERO measurement** , start here.



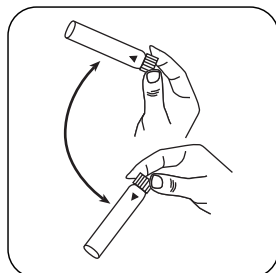
Open a **digestion vial**.



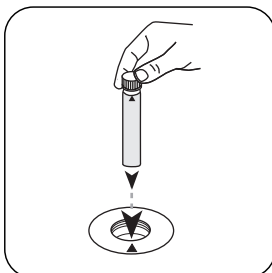
Put **4 mL sample** in the vial.



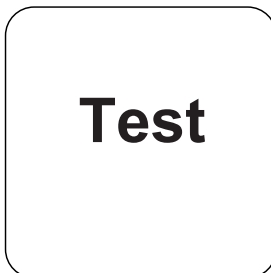
Close vial(s).



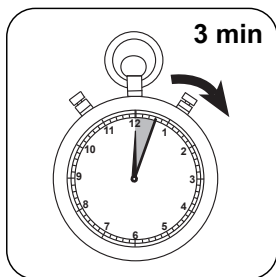
Invert several times to mix the contents.



Place **sample vial** in the sample chamber. • Pay attention to the positioning.



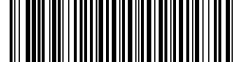
Press the **TEST** (XD: **START**) button.



Wait for **3 minute(s) reaction time**.

Once the reaction period is finished, the measurement takes place automatically.

The result in mg/L ortho-Phosphate appears on the display.



Analyses

The following table identifies the output values can be converted into other citation forms.

| Unit | Cite form | Scale Factor |
|------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| mg/l | P | 1 |
| mg/l | PO ₄ ³⁻ | 3.066177 |
| mg/l | P ₂ O ₅ | 2.29137 |

Chemical Method

Vanadomolybdate

Appendix

Calibration function for 3rd-party photometers

$$\text{Conc.} = a + b \cdot \text{Abs} + c \cdot \text{Abs}^2 + d \cdot \text{Abs}^3 + e \cdot \text{Abs}^4 + f \cdot \text{Abs}^5$$

ø 16 mm

| | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| a | -6.17854 • 10 ⁻¹ |
| b | 3.31124 • 10 ⁻¹ |
| c | |
| d | |
| e | |
| f | |

Interferences

| Interference | from / [mg/L] |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Al | 200 |
| AsO ₄ ³⁻ | in all quantities |
| Cr | 100 |
| Cu | 10 |
| Fe | 100 |
| Ni | 300 |
| H ₂ S | in all quantities |
| SiO ₂ | 50 |



| Interference | from / [mg/L] |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| Si(OH) ₄ | 10 |
| S ²⁻ | in all quantities |
| Zn | 80 |

According to

Standard Method 4500-P E