Tintometer[®] Group Water Testing



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Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 10.11.2023

Version number 13 (replaces version 12)

Revision: 10.11.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- 1.1 Product identifier
- · Product name: Hardness Eriochrome Powder
- · Catalog number: 462950, 4462950, 00462950
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- · Application of the substance / the preparation: Reagent for water analysis
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- Supplier: Tintometer GmbH Schleefstraße 8-12 44287 Dortmund Made in Germany www.lovibond.com

The Tintometer Limited Lovibond[®]House Sun Rise Way Amesbury Wiltshire SP4 7GR United Kingdom

- Informing department: e-mail: sds@lovibond.com Product Safety Department
- **1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +44 1235 239670 Languages: English

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS08 health hazard

Repr. 1B H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.



Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

 2.2 Label elements
 Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.
 Hazard pictograms



· Signal word Danger

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Product name: Hardness Eriochrome Powder

· Hazard-determining components of labelling: boric acid disodium tetraborate, anhydrous · Hazard statements Causes serious eye irritation. H319 H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. **Precautionary statements** Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection. P280 P201 Obtain special instructions before use. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P405 Store locked up. Additional information:

Restricted to professional users.

· 2.3 Other hazards No further relevant information available.

· Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

· 3.2 Mixtures

· Description: Mixture of organic and inorganic compounds

· Dangerous components:			
CAS: 10043-35-3 EINECS: 233-139-2 Index No: 005-007-00-2 Reg.nr.: 01-2119486683-25-XXXX	boric acid	♦ Repr. 1B, H360FD	10–20%
CAS: 1330-43-4 EINECS: 215-540-4 Index No: 005-011-00-4 Reg.nr.: 01-2119490790-32-XXXX	disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	🚸 Repr. 1B, H360FD; 🚸 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	10–20%
SVHC			
CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid			
CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous			
· SVHC (UK)			
CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid			
CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous			
• Additional information For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.			

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information Instantly remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation
- Supply fresh air.
- Seek medical treatment.
- After skin contact
- Instantly wash with water and soap and rinse thoroughly.
- Seek medical treatment.
- After eye contact

Rinse opened eye for several minutes (at least 15 min) under running water.

- Seek immediate medical advice.
- After swallowing

Rinse out mouth and then drink 1-2 glasses of water. Seek medical treatment.

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· 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: irritations absorption after inhalation: mucosal irritations, cough, shortness of breath after swallowing: sickness vomitina diarrhoea after absorption: fatigue cardiovascular disorders CNS disorders ataxia (impaired locomotor coordination) cramps unconsciousness drop in temperature

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed: No further relevant information available.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- · 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.
- 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
- The product is not combustible. Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.
- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- · Protective equipment:
- Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Wear full protective suit.
- · Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- · 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
- Advice for non-emergency personnel:
- Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
- Avoid substance contact.
- Ensure adequate ventilation
- Advice for emergency responders: Protective equipment: see section 8
- · 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:
- Ensure adequate ventilation.
- Collect mechanically.
- Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections
- See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
- See Section 13 for information on disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling
- Advice on safe handling:
- Prevent formation of dust.
- Provide suction extractors if dust is formed.
- Hygiene measures:
- Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

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Store protective clothing separately. Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

· 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

· Requirements to be met by storerooms and containers: Store in cool location.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility: Not required.

· Further information about storage conditions:

Store in a locked cabinet or with access restricted to technical experts or their assistants.

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from the effects of light.

Store under dry conditions.

Protect from humidity and keep away from water.

· Recommended storage temperature: 20°C +/- 5°C

· 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

· 8.1 Control parameters

· Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous

WEL (Great Britain) Long-term value: 1 mg/m³

Regulatory information WEL (Great Britain): EH40/2020

· DNELs

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)

CAC: 40042 25

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid		
Oral	DNEL	0.98 mg/kg (Consumer / acute / systemic effects)
		0.98 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)
Dermal	DNEL	392 mg/kg (Worker / long-term /systemic effects)
		196 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)
Inhalative	DNEL	8.3 mg/m ³ (Worker / long-term /systemic effects)
		4.15 mg/m ³ (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects)
CAS: 133)-43-4 d	disodium tetraborate, anhydrous
Oral	DNEL	0.17 mg/kg (Consumer / acute / systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
		0.17 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
Dermal	DNEL	68 mg/kg (Worker / long-term /systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
		34.3 mg/kg (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
Inhalative	DNEL	2.52 mg/m³ (Worker / acute / local effects) (Expressed as Boron)
		2.52 mg/m³ (Worker / long-term / local effects) (Expressed as Boron)
		1.45 mg/m³ (Worker / long-term /systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
		2.52 mg/m³ (Consumer / acute / local effects) (Expressed as Boron)
		2.52 mg/m³ (Consumer / long-term / local effects) (Expressed as Boron)
		0.73 mg/m³ (Consumer / long-term / systemic effects) (Expressed as Boron)
· Recomme	ended r	nonitoring procedures:

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norms DIN EN 482 and **DIN EN 689.**

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	0043-35-3 boric acid
PNEC	10 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant)
	2.02 mg/l (Marine water)
	13.7 mg/l (Aquatic intermittent release)
	2.02 mg/l (Fresh water)
PNEC	5.4 mg/kg (Soil)
CAS: 1	330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous
PNEC	10 mg/l (Sewage treatment plant)
	(Expressed as Boron)
	2.9 mg/l (Marine water)
	(Expressed as Boron)
	13.7 mg/l (Aquatic intermittent release) (Expressed as Boron)
	2.9 mg/l (Fresh water)
	(Expressed as Boron)
PNEC	5.7 mg/kg (Soil)
	(Expressed as Boron)
Additia	onal information: The lists that were valid during the compilation were used as basis.
	e ering measures: cal measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment m 7.
Protect substat Eye/fac Safety Use sa Hand p Protect Preven After us Materia nitrile r Recom Value f The ex Other s	<pre>lual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment tive clothing should be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous nees handled. ce protection glasses fety glasses that have been tested and approved in accordance with government standards such as EN 166. protection tive gloves. tive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended. se of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics. al of gloves ubber, NBR mended thickness of the material: ≥ 0.11 mm ation time of glove material for the permeation: Level = 1 (< 10 min) act break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed. skin protection (body protection): Protective work clothing. ing equipment: Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol. imended filter device for short term use: Filter P3</pre>
Record	
	nmental exposure controls Avoid release to the environment.

 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties 		
Physical state	Solid.	
Form:	Powder	
· Colour:	Grey	
· Odour:	Odourless	
· Odour threshold:	Not applicable.	
 Melting point/Freezing point: 	Not determined.	
· Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range Not determined.		
· Flammability	The product is not combustible.	
· Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive.	

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· Lower and upper explosion limit		
Lower:	Not applicable.	
Upper:	Not applicable.	
Flash point:	Not applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not applicable (solid).	
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.	
pH (29.7 g/l) at 20°C	8.4	
Kinematic viscosity	Not applicable (solid).	
Solubility		
· Water:	Soluble	
· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	Not applicable (mixture).	
· Vapour pressure:	Not applicable.	
Density and/or relative density		
· Density:	Not determined.	
· Relative density:	Not determined.	
· Relative gas density	Not applicable (solid).	
Particle characteristics	Not determined.	
· 9.2 Other information		
Information with regard to physical hazard classes		
· Corrosive to metals	Void	
Other safety characteristics		
Oxidising properties:	none	
· Additional information		
· Solids content:	100 %	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

· 10.1 Reactivity see section 10.3

- · 10.2 Chemical stability Stable at ambient temperature (room temperature).
- **10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** Reacts with acids, alkalis and oxidizing agents
- --> forms heat

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- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

· 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

· Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

Oral	LD50	2660 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 401) (GESTIS, ECHA registrant)
Dermal	LD50.	>2000 mg/kg (rat) (ECHA, registrant: no deaths occurred.)
	LD₀	1500 mg/kg (child) (MERCK)
	NOAEL	9.6 mg/kg (rat) (NTP)

 \cdot Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Information on components:

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid	
Irritation of skin OEC	
	(Registrant, ECHA)

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Irritation of eyes OECD 405 (rabbit: slight irritation)	
CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous	
Irritation of skin OECD 404 (rabbit: no irritation) (Registrant, ECHA, Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate)	
Irritation of eyes OECD 405 (rabbit: irritation)	
· Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
· Information on components:	
CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid	
Sensitisation OECD 406 (guinea pig: negative)	
 Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Reproductive toxicity May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. 	
 Information on components: [GESTIS) CAS 1330-43-4 Borax: Reproductive Toxicity: Numerous studies on different species have been carried out with boric acid and borates. From this it was concluded that 	
reproductive toxicity appears to be the critical effect. mutagenicity:	
Borates and boric acid did not show any genotoxic effects in a series of microbiological investigations and tests on cell preparations that have been carried out to date, as well as in an in-vivo test. Carcinogenicity:	
A previous carcinogenicity study on rats and mice with boric acid (oral application) gave no indication of a carcinogenic potent of boric acid or borates. OECD 414: Teratogenicity testing	tial
OECD 473: Mutagenicity testing OECD 471, 474, 476, 487: Germ cell mutagenicity testing	
CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid	
OECD 471 (negative) (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test - Ames test)	
OECD 476 (negative) (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) (mouse lymphomea test)	
OECD 414 (negative) (oral, rat) (ECHA, registrant: no evidence of developmental toxicity up to 55 mg/kg bw. At 76 mg/kg bw there was reduced fetal bodyweight, short and wavy ribs, and these effects disappeared during the postnatal period.)	
OECD 474 (negative) (in vivo, mice)	
 STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. 	
· Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
 Information on likely routes of exposure "Under occupational conditions, the main intake pathway for boric acid (CAS 10043-35-3) proceeds via the respiratory tract. Furthermore, the uptake of the solid or its concentrated solutions should be expected following contact with damaged or inflar skin." (GESTIS) 	ned
 Additional toxicological information: CAS 1330-43-4/ 10043-35-3: Absorption through gastro-intestinal tract, mucous membranes 	
CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid	
. (source: GESTIS)	
Main toxic effects: Acute: Slightly irritating to the eyes and skin; gastrointestinal disturbances, CNS-effects and (later) skin damage after massi	ive
poisoning Chronic: Irritation to the mucous membranes following inhalative exposure, effects to the gastrointestinal tract and CNS	
Further Information (Merck): "Toxicity reported for borates in humans: ingestion or absorption may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, anderythematous lesions on the skin and mucous membranes.	,
Other symptoms include: circulatory collapse, tachycardia, cyanosis, delirium, convulsions, and coma. Death has been reported to occur in infants from less than 5 grams and in adults from 5 to 20 grams."	
"Liver - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence"	
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· 11.2 Information on other hazards

- · Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · Other information

According to the information available to us, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of the substances mentioned in Chapter 3 have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

· 12.1 Toxicity · Aquatic toxicity: CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid EC50 133 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (ECOTOX) LC50 50-100 mg/l/96h (rainbow trout) (ECOTOX) CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous LC50 1085–1402 mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) (IUCLID) IC50 158 mg/l/96 h (Desmodesmus subspicatus) (IUCLID) LC50 340 mg/l/96h (fish) (IUCLID) Bacterial toxicity: CAS: 1330-43-4 disodium tetraborate, anhydrous EC5 1.3 mg/l (Entosiphon sulcatum) (72h) Other information: Toxic for fish: Magnesium compounds: 100 - 400 mg/l 12.2 Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available. 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Pow = n-octanol/wasser partition coefficient

log Pow < 1 = Does not accumulate in organisms.

CAS: 10043-35-3 boric acid

log Pow -1.09 (.) (OECD 107, 22°C)

(Merck)

· 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

• 12.7 Other adverse effects Avoid transfer into the environment.

· Water hazard:

Do not allow product to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system, even in small quantities. Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into soil.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

· 13.1 Waste treatment methods

· Recommendation

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste.

· European waste catalogue

16 05 06* laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing hazardous substances, including mixtures of laboratory chemicals

Uncleaned packagings:

• Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

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· Recommended cleaning agent: Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

SECTION 14: Transport information	
 14.1 UN number or ID number ADR, IMDG, IATA 	Void
 14.2 UN proper shipping name ADR, IMDG, IATA 	Void
· 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	
· ADR, IMDG, IATA · Class	Void
 14.4 Packing group ADR, IMDG, IATA 	Void
· 14.5 Environmental hazards:	Not applicable.
 14.6 Special precautions for user 	Not applicable.
 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMC instruments) Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	Not dangerous according to the above specifications.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

· 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· Poisons Act UK
· Regulated explosives precursors
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Regulated poisons
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Reportable explosives precursors
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Reportable poisons
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not regulated
 Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)
None of the ingredients is listed.
 Regulation (EC) No 1334/2000 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports of dual-use items and technology:
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors
None of the ingredients is listed.
 Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors
None of the ingredients is listed.
· Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer:
None of the ingredients is listed.
· REGULATION (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (POP)
None of the ingredients is listed.
· LIST OF SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO AUTHORISATION (ANNEX XIV)
None of the ingredients is listed.

• Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57 see item 3 SVHC • Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to UK REACH see item 3 SVHC

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Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):

· Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

· REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 30

Information about limitation of use:

Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed (94/33/EC). Employment restrictions concerning pregnant and lactating women must be observed (92/85/EEC).

• 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

These data are based on our present knowledge. However, they shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

This Safety Data Sheets is in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 31 as amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878.

• Training hints Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Relevant phrases

Causes serious eye irritation. H319

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

STOT: specific target organ toxicity

SE: single exposure RE: repeated exposure

EC50: half maximal effective concentration

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration NOEL or NOEC: No Observed Effect Level or Concentration

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Road) RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail) IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative Eye Irrit. 2: Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 2

Repr. 1B: Reproductive toxicity - Category 1B

· Sources Data arise from safety data sheets, reference works and literature.

** Data compared to the previous version altered.

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