# Tintometer<sup>®</sup> Group Water Testing



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### Safety data sheet according to 1907/2006/EC, Article 31

Printing date 14.11.2023 Version number 8 (replaces version 7) Revision: 14.11.2023

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · 1.1 Product identifier
- · Product name: KOH Elektrolyte Solution
- · Catalog number: 19801130, 19801132, 19801130-1
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
- · Application of the substance / the preparation: Electrolyte solution
- · 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Supplier:

Tintometer GmbH Schleefstraße 8-12 44287 Dortmund Made in Germany www.lovibond.com

The Tintometer Limited Lovibond® House Sun Rise Way Amesbury Wiltshire SP4 7GR United Kingdom

· Informing department: e-mail: sds@lovibond.com Product Safety Department

· 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

+44 1235 239670 Languages: English

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

- · 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



GHS05 corrosion

Met. Corr.1 H290 May be corrosive to metals.

Skin Corr. 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.

- · 2.2 Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

The product is classified and labelled according to the GB CLP regulation.

· Hazard pictograms



GHS05

- · Signal word Danger
- Hazard-determining components of labelling:

potassium hydroxide

Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

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5-10%

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection. P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a doctor.

· 2.3 Other hazards No further relevant information available.

#### · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Determination of endocrine-disrupting properties

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

- · 3.2 Mixtures
- · Description: aqueous solution

	Dang	erous	com	ponents:
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CAS: 1310-58-3 EINECS: 215-181-3 Index No: 019-002-00-8 Reg.nr.: 01-2119487136-33-XXXX potassium hydroxide

♦ Met. Corr.1, H290; Skin Corr. 1A, H314; ↑ Acute Tox. 4, H302

Specific concentration limits: Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 5 %

Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 2 % ≤ C < 5 %

Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 0.5 % ≤ C < 2 %

Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 0.5 % ≤ C < 2 %

· Additional information For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

- · 4.1 Description of first aid measures
- · General information Instantly remove any clothing soiled by the product.
- · After inhalation Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of symptoms.
- · After skin contact

Instantly wash with polyethylene glycol 400.

Instantly rinse with water.

Immediate medical treatment necessary. Failure to treat burns can prevent wounds from healing.

· After eye contact

Rinse opened eye for several minutes (at least 15 min) under running water.

Call a doctor immediately.

· After swallowing

Rinse out mouth and then drink 1-2 glasses of water.

Do not induce vomiting; instantly call for medical help.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

burns

after swallowing and inhalation:

strong caustic effect.

damage to the affected mucous membranes possible

coughing

cramps

pain

- · Danger Danger of gastric perforation.
- 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs

Subsequent observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

- 5.1 Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents Use fire fighting measures that suit the environment.

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### · 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The product is not combustible.

Formation of toxic gases is possible during heating or in case of fire.

- 5.3 Advice for firefighters
- Protective equipment:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear full protective suit.

· Additional information

Collect contaminated fire fighting water separately. It must not enter drains.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated fire fighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

· Advice for non-emergency personnel:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

Avoid substance contact.

Ensure adequate ventilation

Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

- · Advice for emergency responders: Protective equipment: see section 8
- 6.2 Environmental precautions: Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.
- · 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, universal binders).

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to item 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for information on disposal.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### · 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

· Advice on safe handling:

Open and handle container with care.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

· Hygiene measures:

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Wash hands during breaks and at the end of the work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

- 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- Requirements to be met by storerooms and containers:

Store in cool location.

Unsuitable material for container:

aluminum (AI), tin (Sn), zinc (Zn)

- Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from metals.
- · Further information about storage conditions:

Protect from heat and direct sunlight.

Protect from the effects of light.

Protect from humidity and keep away from water.

- Recommended storage temperature: 20°C +/- 5°C
- · 7.3 Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available.

GB -

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**Product name: KOH Elektrolyte Solution** 

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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

· Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

CAS: 1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide

WEL (Great Britain) Short-term value: 2 mg/m3

Regulatory information WEL (Great Britain): EH40/2020

·DNELs

### CAS: 1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide

Inhalative DNEL 1 mg/m³ (Worker / acute / local effects) (Merck) 1 mg/m³ (Consumer / long-term / local effects) (Merck)

### Recommended monitoring procedures:

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norms DIN EN 482 and DIN EN 689.

- · Additional information: The lists that were valid during the compilation were used as basis.
- · 8.2 Exposure controls
- · Engineering measures:

Technical measures and appropriate working operations should be given priority over the use of personal protective equipment. See item 7.

### · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Protective clothing should be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentration and quantity of the hazardous substances handled.

- · Eye/face protection Tightly sealed safety glasses.
- · Hand protection

Alkaline resistant gloves

Preventive skin protection by use of skin-protecting agents is recommended.

After use of gloves apply skin-cleaning agents and skin cosmetics.

Material of gloves

nitrile rubber, NBR

Recommended thickness of the material:  $\geq 0.11 \text{ mm}$ 

Penetration time of glove material

Value for the permeation: Level = 1 ( < 10 min )

The exact break trough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

- · Other skin protection (body protection): Alkaline resistant protective clothing
- · Breathing equipment: Use breathing protection against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.
- Recommended filter device for short term use: Filter B
- · Environmental exposure controls Do not allow product to reach sewage system or water bodies.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state
Form:
Colour:
Odourless
Odour threshold:
Melting point/Freezing point:
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range
Fluid
Colourless
Odourless
Not applicable.
Not determined.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

• Flammability The product is not combustible.

• **Explosive properties:** Product is not explosive.

· Lower and upper explosion limit

Lower: Not applicable.
Upper: Not applicable.
Flash point: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable.

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**Product name: KOH Elektrolyte Solution** 

· Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

pH at 20°C >13

Strongly alkaline · Kinematic viscosity Not determined.

· Solubility

· Vapour pressure:

· Water: Fully miscible

· Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Not applicable (mixture).

Not determined.

1.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Density and/or relative density

Density at 20°C: · Relative density:

Not determined. · Relative gas density Not determined. Particle characteristics Not applicable (liquid).

· 9.2 Other information

· Information with regard to physical hazard classes

· Corrosive to metals May be corrosive to metals.

• Metals that are corroded by the substance or mixture Information on incompatible materials can be found in Sections 7 and

Other safety characteristics

· Oxidising properties: none

Additional information

· Solids content: < 10 %

Solvent content:

· Organic solvents: 0.0 % Water: > 90 %

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

· 10.1 Reactivity see section 10.3

· 10.2 Chemical stability Stable at ambient temperature (room temperature).

· 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts with metals forming hydrogen (Danger of explosion in case of large amounts!)

Corrosive action on metals

Reacts with halogenated compounds

Reacts with strong acids

Reacts with alkaline earth metals

Reacts with ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>).

- · 10.4 Conditions to avoid No further relevant information available.
- · 10.5 Incompatible materials:

metals

light metals

organic substances

various plastics

glass

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products: see section 5

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

- 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:

### CAS: 1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide

Oral LD50 333 mg/kg (rat) (OECD 425)

(ECHA)

- · Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- · Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Risk of blindness!

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### Information on components:

### CAS: 1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide

Irritation of skin OECD 404 (rabbit: burns)
Irritation of eyes OECD 405 (rabbit: burns)

- · Respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Information on components:

CAS: 1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide

Sensitisation OECD 406 (guinea pig: negative)

- Germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Information on components:

OECD 414: Teratogenicity testing

OECD 473: Mutagenicity testing

OECD 471, 474, 476, 487: Germ cell mutagenicity testing

### CAS: 1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide

OECD 471 (negative) (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test - Ames test) (Escherichia coli / Salmonella typhimurium)

- · STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT (specific target organ toxicity) -repeated exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Aspiration hazard Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · Additional toxicological information:

Swallowing will lead to a strong caustic effect on mouth and throat and to the danger of perforation of esophagus and stomach.

### CAS: 1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide

. (source: GESTIS)

Main toxic effects:

Acute: severe irritation and caustic effects on all contacted mucous membranes and skin; risk of irreversible eye damage Chronic: irritant effect on eyes, respiratory tract and skin

#### Further information:

Regardless of the route of exposure, the focus is on the local effect. The type and duration of exposure, concentration, pH value, dose and the time at which treatment measures are applied are essential for the extent of the damage. The greatest hazard is when the solid or solution comes into direct contact with the eye. Even highly diluted solutions can still cause severe damage. Rapidly progressive damage also occurs on the skin, even when diluted solutions act on it. Airborne exposure to KOH causes irritation of the respiratory tract (especially the nose and throat), eyes and skin. At high concentrations, damage to the lower airways and lungs cannot be ruled out.

- · 11.2 Information on other hazards
- · Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- Other information

According to the information available to us, the chemical, physical and toxicological properties of the substances mentioned in Chapter 3 have not been thoroughly investigated.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

· 12.1 Toxicity

· Aquatic toxicity:

CAS: 1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide

LC50 80 mg/l/96h (mosquitofish)

(IUCLID)

- 12.2 Persistence and degradability
- · Other information:

Mixture of inorganic compounds.

Methods for the determination of biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

- · 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available.
- · 12.4 Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.

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### **Product name: KOH Elektrolyte Solution**

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#### · 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB), according to the criteria given in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

• 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.

### · 12.7 Other adverse effects

Harmful effect due to pH shift.

Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted.

Avoid transfer into the environment.

#### Water hazard:

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water bodies or sewage system.

Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

- · 13.1 Waste treatment methods
- Recommendation

Must not be disposed of together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Hand over to disposers of hazardous waste.

#### European waste catalogue

16 05 07\* discarded inorganic chemicals consisting of or containing hazardous substances

- · Uncleaned packagings:
- · Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.
- · Recommended cleaning agent: Water, if necessary with cleaning agent.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

· 14.1 UN number or ID number · ADR, IMDG, IATA	UN1814
· 14.2 UN proper shipping name · ADR · IMDG, IATA	1814 POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

- · 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
- · ADR



Class 8 (C5) Corrosive substances.
Label 8

· IMDG, IATA



· Class 8 Corrosive substances. · Label 8

14.4 Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA

· 14.5 Environmental hazards: Not applicable.

• 14.6 Special precautions for user Warning: Corrosive substances. • Kemler Number: 80

• EMS Number: F-A,S-B
• Segregation groups (SGG18) Alkalis

Stowage Category A

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	(Comar or page)
· Segregation Code	SG35 Stow "separated from" SGG1-acids
· 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according instruments	ng to IMO Not applicable.
· Transport/Additional information:	
· ADR · Limited quantities (LQ) · Excepted quantities (EQ)	1L Code: E2 Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml
Transport category Tunnel restriction code	2 E
· IMDG · Limited quantities (LQ) · Excepted quantities (EQ)	1L Code: F2

Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · Poisons Act UK
- · Regulated explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulated poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Reportable explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Reportable poisons

The concentration of the substance is less than the stated mass percentage and is therefore of no concern:

CAS: 1310-58-3 potassium hydroxide

17% of total caustic alkalinity

- · Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not regulated
- Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals (PIC)

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 1334/2000 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports of dual-use items and technology:

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 273/2004 on drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

· Regulation (EC) No 111/2005 laying down rules for the monitoring of trade between the Community and third countries in drug precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer:

None of the ingredients is listed.

· REGULATION (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

None of the ingredients is listed.

LIST OF SUBSTANCES SUBJECT TO AUTHORISATION (ANNEX XIV)

None of the ingredients is listed.

Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to REACH, Article 57

This product does not contain any substances of very high concern above the legal concentration limit of ≥ 0.1% (w / w).

Substances of very high concern (SVHC) according to UK REACH

This product does not contain any substances of very high concern above the legal concentration limit of ≥ 0.1% (w / w).

- · Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III):
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.

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- · REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 ANNEX XVII Conditions of restriction: 3
- · Information about limitation of use: Employment restrictions concerning young persons must be observed (94/33/EC).
- · 15.2 Chemical safety assessment: A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

These data are based on our present knowledge. However, they shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

This Safety Data Sheets is in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Article 31 as amended by Regulation (EU)

• Training hints Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

### Relevant phrases

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

### · Abbreviations and acronyms:

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

STOT: specific target organ toxicity

SE: single exposure RE: repeated exposure

EC50: half maximal effective concentration IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

NOEL or NOEC: No Observed Effect Level or Concentration

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous

Goods by Road)

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of

Dangerous Goods by Rail)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (UK REACH)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Met. Corr.1: Corrosive to metals - Category 1

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4

Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 1A

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

#### Sources

Data arise from safety data sheets, reference works and literature.

ECHA: European CHemicals Agency http://echa.europa.eu

IUCLID (International Uniform Chemical Information Database)

GESTIS- Stoffdatenbank (Substance Database, Germany)

\* Data compared to the previous version altered.